ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

REFORMATORY SCHOOL

YERROWDA

FOR THE

YEAR 1891.

J. J. K. 284

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From

The INSPECTOR-GENERAL of PRISONS,

Bombay Presidency;

To

The SECRETARY to GOVERNMENT,

Judicial Department,

Bombay.

Inspector-General of Prisons' Office,
Bombay, 7th April 1892.

Sir,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report, together with the usual statements, of the Superintendent of the Reformatory School at Yerrowda for the year 1891.

2. On the 31st December 1890 there remained on the rolls of the Reformatory 64 boys, and 41 were admitted during the year, making a total of 105. Of this number 14 were released on expiry of sentence, 4 on appeal, 2 by order of Government, 2 were transferred to jails to undergo their sentence, and 3 died, leaving 80 boys in the institution on the last day of the year under report. The daily average number during the year has been 70·1 against 61·2 in the previous year.

3. Of the 41 boys admitted during the year five were previously convicted, and in all the cases the sentences of confinement as originally awarded were 2 years and upwards.

4. With the same number under the head of admissions and a higher daily average strength than in 1890 the number of punishments has fallen from 55 in that year to 32 in the year under report, a result, which shows that the behaviour of the lads has been generally satisfactory.

5. Forty-five of the released boys have been reported on. Thirteen of these are following the trades taught them in the Reformatory, 2 are attending school, 18 are employed otherwise, 2 are returned as doubtful, 1 is shown as out of employ, there is no trace of 7, and 2 have gone into jail. The lad described as out of employ was unfortunately dismissed by his employer when the latter came to know that the boy had previously been an inmate of the Reformatory. It is a matter of consideration, assuming that the Superintendent is correct in his surmise as to the manner in which the boy's employer in the above case came by his information, whether greater secrecy should not be observed by the police when employed on making enquiries of this nature. The incident is much to be regretted, as it may be the means of causing the lad, who was evidently trying to do well, to relapse into a career of crime.

6. The system of rewards appears to work satisfactorily.

7. The health of the boys has not been so good as during the previous year. Three deaths have occurred during the year—two from cholera and one from scrofula. Cholera appeared amongst the boys in the month of August and two of them were attacked. A cholera camp was at once formed and every precaution was taken to prevent the disease spreading. Influenza prevailed towards the end of the year, and this accounts for thirty-seven of the admissions into hospital. With the exception of three boys who were ill, the weight test gives very satisfactory results. The system at present in force of weighing the boys monthly may in my opinion now be altered to weighment of all the boys every alternate month.

8. On my inspection of the Reformatory in November last I found the sanitary condition of the buildings and yards satisfactory.

9. The financial result of the factory shows a profit of Rs. 703-15-6 or Rs. 21-5-4 per boy employed in it, as compared with Rs. 817-13-4 and Rs. 35-8-11 for the previous year. As explained by the Superintendent the outbreaks of cholera and influenza have adversely affected the outturn of the factory. I fully concur in the opinion expressed by Surgeon Lieut.-Colonel Salaman in his minute at the foot of the Superintendent's report, regarding the desirability of, as far as possible, obtaining the patronage of Government departments in connection with the factory operations of the Reformatory. The book-binding industry is one which I would commend to the notice of Government as being worthy of departmental patronage. Since visiting the Alipore Reformatory in Calcutta in January last I have been contemplating the possibility of a new and paying industry in the shape of envelope-making being added to the list of those now taught in the Yerrowda Reformatory. The garden account figures exhibit a profit of Rs. 187-2-8 or Rs. 20-12-9 per boy employed thereon, as against Rs. 152-10-1 and Rs. 10-14-5 in 1890. This is an improvement on the preceding year, but I look for still better results when the quarries, from which the water used for the purposes of garden cultivation is drawn, are deepened. In future reports I consider that the value of the vegetables supplied for the rationing of the boys should not be entered in the sub-column 7 of the credit side of the garden statement but should only be shown in a separate footnote.

10. The charge on account of "Contingencies" to which I called the attention of the Superintendent has, I am pleased to see, been reduced. The institution as it grows older should under ordinary circumstances exhibit a gradual decrease under this head, until a fair average figure is reached.

11. The total cost of maintenance per head has been Rs. 131-10-8 as compared with Rs. 142-14-4 in 1890, a satisfactory decrease.

12. The difficulties experienced with the artisan teachers are again complained of by the Superintendent, but they do not appear to have been as great as in 1890.

13. The remark of one of the Visitors, Surgeon Lieut.-Colonel Salaman "that the school has now grown too large for one man, does not now apply as, prior to its being written, a second teacher was employed, and of this Dr. Salaman was evidently not aware."

14. The second Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector in the report of his inspection of the school on the 25th August 1891 states that the shed used as a school-room is too small and that the boys are not taught strictly according to any definite standard, and these two points are now receiving my attention.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

T. M. FILGATE,

Inspector-General of Prisons.

No. 40 of 1892.

From

The SUPERINTENDENT, REFORMATORY SCHOOL,

Yerrowda;

To

The INSPECTOR-GENERAL of PRISONS,

Bombay Presidency,
Bombay.

Reformatory School, Yerrowda,
25th January 1892.

Sir,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the Reformatory School for the year ending 31st December 1891.

2. There were 64 boys remaining at the beginning of the year, and 41 (or precisely the same number as during the year 1890) were admitted during the year under report, thus making a total of 105 confined during the year. Of these one was transferred to the Central Jail at Yerrowda, the High Court having reduced the sentence of the boy to one of one year's imprisonment. Another boy was sent back to Secunderabad; his sentence not being in conformity with his age, as required by the rules framed under Section 22 of the Reformatory Schools Act V of 1876. Four boys were released on appeal, 2 released by order of Government, 14 released on expiry of sentence and under the remission rules, and 3 died. Thus 80 boys remained in the school on the 31st December 1891. The daily average was 70·1 against 61·2 in 1890, *vide* Statement A.

3. Statement B. shows in detail the crimes and length of sentence of the 41 boys admitted during the year under report, together with their ages, education on admission, and previous convictions. It is satisfactory to know that no boy was sentenced to less than 2 years as was the case in the previous year.

4. The discipline and general behaviour of the boys has continued to be very satisfactory, as is shown by the fact that while the average number of boys rose from 61·2 to 70·1, punishments fell from 55 to 32. The boys now thoroughly understand the rules, &c., of the institution. Appendix Statement C shows in detail the offences committed and the punishments inflicted. The offences committed were not of a serious character, excepting those in the nature of disobedience of orders and refusals to work.

5. Information has been received regarding the whereabouts and occupation of 45 boys previously released from the Reformatory. Of the 9 boys shown as agriculturists in No. 1 of Statement D. 6 were trained as gardeners in the school, 1 as a carpenter, 1 in blacksmith's work and 1 in book-binding. Difficulties apparently exist in the way of boys trained as carpenters or blacksmiths following such trades on their return to their native villages, these occupations being, in village life, of an hereditary nature. In such cases it is presumed that the boys find no difficulty in obtaining agricultural employment and take to it accordingly.

6. It is gratifying to know that of the 13 boys shown under Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, 10 of them follow the trades taught in the Reformatory. The 2 boys shown under No. 5 were trained in the school, I as a carpenter and the other as a blacksmith, but they now work in freedom as goldsmiths, being sons of Sonárs and naturally, perhaps, following their fathers' professions. Of the 45 boys reported up on,13 are following the trades severally taught them in the Reformatory, 2 attending school and bearing good characters, and 18 are otherwise earning an honest livelihood. The one shown as out of employ was dismissed

by his master on hearing (I presume from the police during their enquiries regarding the boy's whereabouts) that he had been previously an inmate of the school. The character and occupation of 2 have been reported as doubtful. Of 7 there is no trace, and 2 have gone into jail, thus making a total of 45. Copies of the District Magistrate's letters are hereto annexed.

Mark System.

7. Under this system boys earn from half an anna to one anna a week, and monitors up to 2 annas per week. This system has generally worked satisfactorily. Out of 80 boys remaining in the school at the end of December 1891, 39 were earning marks against 44 in the previous year. This decrease is owing to new admissions earning no marks for learning in school and for work. The bulk sum earned as rewards during the year amounted to Rs. 90-15-6, out of which Rs. 13-10-3 were spent in sweetmeats and fruit, and Rs. 62-0-3 paid to boys released, against Rs. 30-4-5 under the latter head in the preceding year. The amount credited to the boys as savings during the year has been Rs. 66-13-8.

Sanitary.

8. The year was comparatively unhealthy. Although the admissions into hospital were less by 5 than in the previous year, the average number of sick has increased from 2 in 1890 to 2·4 in 1891.

9. I regret to have to report 3 deaths among the boys during the past year, 2 from cholera and 1 from scrofula. A military cholera camp was pitched in the neighbourhood of Yerrowda about the beginning of August last, but the disease was also prevailing in the neighbourhood of the Reformatory, *i. e.*, in the Sappers' lines New Jhánsi, and in the village of Yerrowda. The 2 fatal cases occurred on the 28th August 1891. Statement E. shows the admissions into hospital and their cause.

Weight test.

10. Statement G. shows in detail the weights on admissions, and those on 31st December 1891, with dates of admission, work on which employed, time passed in the Reformatory, &c., &c. It will thus be observed that out of the 80 boys remaining 12 have gained from 20 lbs. and upwards, 8 from 15 lbs. and upwards, 13 from 10 lbs. and upwards, 27 from 5 lbs. and upwards, and 16 from 1 to 4 lbs. One boy a recent admission, has as regards his weight remained stationary, 3 have lost weight, one losing 7 lbs and the other 2 one pound each. These last 3 were amongst those attacked by influenza. The one who lost 7 lbs. has again up to date picked up 6 lbs. of the loss. The results shown are very satisfactory. Of course those who have gained most are those who have been longest in the school.

Buildings.

11. During the year under report ventilators were provided to the inner and outer main gates, so as to provide more air and light, in the intervening passage. A surface drain, to carry off the refuse water, was constructed outside the Reformatory. It is under contemplation to carry out further improvements as funds are provided.

Diet.

12. There has been no alteration in the diet; it is sufficient in quantity and good in quality.

Clothing.

13. No addition or alteration has been made in the clothing, which is good in quality and sufficient in quantity.

Manufactory.

14. This head relates to the several industries taught to the boys in the school, such as carpentery, blacksmith's work, painting, tailoring, tinsmith's

work, book-binding, rattaning, and French polishing articles sent for repairs. The Factory operations were much hindered owing to the undermentioned causes :—

(*a*) Many of the older and experienced boys were released within the first half-year.

(*b*) Cholera appeared in the Reformatory during the busy season of the year.

(*c*) Influenza broke out in the latter end of the year. Illness of Superintendent and staff.

15. In spite of the foregoing difficulties the work done in every branch has been very brisk. The total profit has been Rs. 703-15-6 against Rs. 817-13-4 in the previous year. The nominal value of the labour of the boys employed in manufacturing articles for the use of the school or for issue to jails has been Rs. 523-12-3 against Rs. 273-3-5 in the year 1890. The value has been calculated according to local bazár rates for the articles supplied. It will thus be seen that the amount of cash profit plus the nominal value of labour comes to Rs. 1,227-11-9 against Rs. 1,091-0-9 in the preceding year, an increase in favour of the year under report of Rs. 136-11-0.

16. The profit per boy has fallen from Rs. 47-6-11 to Rs. 37-3-3. The decline is due to an increased number of new hands having been employed on the various industries. Of Rs. 523-12-3 shown in a footnote to Statement F as nominal value of the labour of the boys in connection with certain of the factory operations, Rs. 245-13-0 is due to the manufacture towards the close of the year of 57 iron hospital cots for distribution to a number of the jails in the Bombay Presidency. A guillotine paper-cutting machine and an arming press, self-inking, were received from Europe during the latter half of the year and with their aid it is hoped that the book-binding operations of the institution will in future years prove to be more profitable.

Garden.

17. The same quantity of ground has been under cultivation as during 1890. No money was spent in the purchase of jowári seeds during the year under report against Rs. 15 spent under this head in the previous year. Seed was saved from the crop of the above description grown in the garden. The value of the kirbi crop has been estimated at about Rs. 90 and the value of the jowári preserved as seed at Rs. 20.

18. The value of vegetables supplied from the garden has been Rs. 99-10-7 against Rs. 137-15 in the previous year. The reduction is due to the scarcity of water available for the purposes of garden cultivation. The total profits of the garden have been Rs. 187-2-8 against Rs. 152-10-1 in the year 1890, an increase of Rs. 34-8-7. The profit per boy has increased from Rs. 10-14-5 in the previous year to Rs. 20-12-9 in the year under report, this result being due to a smaller number of boys having been employed in the cultivation of vegetables owing to scarcity of water. The results of the year have been satisfactory.

Maintenance.

19. In spite of the favourable contract rates for the year under report, there has been an increase of Rs. 447-11-11 in the outlay on rations, &c., over that appearing in the accounts of the previous year. This is chiefly owing to the increased number of boys but is also partly due to the alteration in 1890 in the diet scale, the revised diet scale having only been in force for 3 months in 1890, and throughout the whole of 1891.

20. The hospital charges have increased by Rs. 142-1-6 from Rs. 145-2-1 in 1890 to Rs. 287-3-7 in 1891, thus nearly doubling themselves, this being due to the increase in the daily average number of boys in hospital and to the outbreak of cholera.

21. The Contingencies have fallen from Rs. 19-10-10 per head in the previous year to Rs. 12-8-11 per head during the year under report. The high expenditure under this head in 1890 was mainly owing to the newness of the institution.

Establishment.

22. The late clerk was transferred to the office establishment of the Bijápur District Jail on promotion as head clerk in August last, the second clerk of the Bijápur Jail taking his place here also on promotion. The latter was new to the work in the beginning but has since considerably improved and promises to become a good clerk.

23. The school was examined on the 25th August by the Second Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, Poona Sub-division, from whose remarks it would appear that the school master has worked well. The report of the Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, Southern Division, is herewith attached.

24. The conduct of the warders and peons has been generally fair. There were 8 punishments, 4 fines and 4 dismissals.

Trade Instructors.

25. The same difficulty has been experienced as explained in previous reports. The painter was fined once. One blacksmith was fined, two blacksmiths resigned, while two were dismissed on account of inefficiency. The blacksmiths' workshop has had to be carried on as best it could without an instructor for 82 days during the year under report.

26. The carpenter entertained on 15th October 1890 is a slow but neat workman. He resides on the premises, and promises to do well in future.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

FRA'MJI COWASJI B.,

Superintendent, Reformatory School, Yerrowda.

A

Statement showing the number and disposal of Juveniles during the year 1891.

	Number.
	Rs.
Number remaining on the 31st December 1890	64
Number admitted on sentences by Magisterial or Judicial authorities ...	16
Number admitted by transfer to undergo sentence	25
Total ..	105
Deduct—	
Number released on expiry of sentence and under remission rules ...	14
Number released on appeal	4
Number released by order of Government as per Government Resolutions Nos. 3462 and 4894, dated 27th June and 20th September 1891 respectively	2
Number transferred to other Jails to undergo sentence	2
Number died	3
Total ...	25
Number remaining on the 31st December 1891	80
Daily average Number	70·1

B

Statement showing the crimes and length of sentence of Juveniles admitted during the year 1891.

	Number.
	Rs.
Crimes—	
Section 224	1
„ 235	1
„ 304 A	1
„ 325	1
„ 326	2
„ 369 and 75	1
„ 376	3
„ 377	1
„ 379	12
„ 380	3
„ 380 and 75	1
„ 380 and 411	1
„ 381	2
„ 392	2
„ 403	1
„ 429	1
„ 454	1
„ 454 and 380	2
„ 457 and 380	3
„ 457 and 224	1
Total ...	41
Sentence—	
Above 1 year and not exceeding 2 years	3
„ 2 „ „ „ 3 „	13
„ 3 „ „ „ 4 „	12
„ 4 „ „ „ 5 „	11
„ 5 „ „ „ 6 „	1
„ 6 „ „ „ 7 „	1
Total ...	41
Ages—	
10 years	2
11 „	1
12 „	5
13 „	11
14 „	10
15 „	12
Total ...	41
Districts of Jails from which received—	
Ahmednagar	2
Ahmedabad	7
Amraoti	2
Bombay	3
Broach	1
Dhárwár	1
Hyderabad (Sind)	4
Karáchi	1
Kaira	3
Khándesh	3
Kárwár	1
Kolhápur State	1
Násik	1
Poona	2
Shikárpur	2
Sholápur	1
Surat	1
Secunderabad	1
Thána	2
Hyderabad Assigned District	2
Total ...	41

	Number.
Education on admission—	
Unable to read and write	33
Able to read and write a little	5
Able to read and write well	3
Total ...	41
Previous conviction—	
Once	1
Twice	3
More than twice	1
Total ...	5

C.

Statement showing the offences committed by the Juveniles and the punishments inflicted during the year 1891.

Offences.	Number.	Punishment.	Number.
Assaulting	2	Penal diet	7
Having forbidden articles ...	12	Stripes	18
Quarrelling and using offensive language	3	Warned	7
Disobedient and refusing to work ...	3		
Disobedient to the Peons and Monitors.	7		
Eating bájri	4		
Taking anothers trousers without his consent	1		
Total ...	32	Total ...	32

D.

Statement showing the state of Education of the Juveniles released during the year 1891.

	Number.
Education—	
Number when released below Standard	7
Number when released Standard I	4
Do. do. do. II	3
Do. do. do. IV	4
Do. do. do. V	1
Do. do. English Standard III	1
Total ...	20
Trades taught to those released—	
Blacksmiths work	4
Carpentry	3
Gardening	10
Book-binding	2
Painting	1
Total ...	20

	Number.
Trades followed by juveniles after release—	
1. Agriculturists ... ... } Trades taught in the School ...	9
2. Blacksmiths ... ... }	2
3. Carpenters ... ... }	1
4. Tailor ... ... }	1
5. Goldsmith	2
6. Apprentice in press	1
7. Earning livelihood as labourers	8
8. Employed in mill	2
9. In service	5
10. Doubtful	2
11. Out of employment	1
12. No trace	7
13. In jail	2
14. Attending school	2
Total ...	45

E.

Statement showing the Admission into Hospital and deaths among the Juveniles during the year 1891.

	Admission.	Deaths.
Influenza	37	.....
Cholera	2	2
Ague	19	.....
Guinea-worm	1	.....
Scrofula	1	1
Anœmia	1	.....
Inflamation of external meatus	2	.....
Diarrhæa	3	.....
Jaundice	1	.....
Chronic Synonitis	1	.....
Inflamation of Connective Tissue	1	.....
Abcess	1	.....
Total ...	70	3
Daily average number of sick boys	2·4	.....

F.

Statement showing the the Factory and Garden profits for the Year 1891.

1	2								3								4	5
	Debit.								Credit.									
Average Number Employed.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total Profit.	Profit per boy.
	Cash in hand at the end of 1890.	Manufactured articles at the end of 1890.	Raw Materials at the end of 1890.	Amount of outstanding bills due by the Reformatory at the end of 1891.	Amount of outstanding bills due to the Reformatory at the end of 1890.	Plant and Machinery at the end of 1890.	Amount drawn from Treasury for Raw Materials during 1891.	Total.	Cash in hand at the end of 1891.	Manufactured articles at the end of 1891.	Raw Materials at the end of 1891.	Amount of outstanding bills due by the Reformatory at the end of 1890.	Amount of outstanding bills due to the Reformatory at the end of 1891.	Plant and Machinery at the end of 1891.	Amount paid into Treasury during 1891.	Total.		
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Factory.																		
33	.....	76 1 4	235 15 5	136 5 10	68 6 6	2,091 15 3	3,503 8 2	6,112 4 6	.....	254 4 2	174 6 8	73 13 0	14 5 0	3,666 12 5	2,632 10 9	6,816 4 0	*703 15 6	*21 5 4
Garden.																		
9	.....	.....	.....	2 13 0	.....	219 6 7	96 12 5	319 0 0	.....	.....	.....	0 8 0	.....	236 6 7	†269 4 1	506 2 8	187 2 8	20 12 9
42	.....	76 1 4	235 15 5	139 2 10	68 6 6	2,311 5 10	3,600 4 7	6,431 4 6	.....	254 4 2	174 6 8	74 5 0	14 5 0	3,903 3 0	2,901 14 10	7,322 6 8	891 2 2	21 3 6

	Rs. a. p.
* Profit as per column 4 of the Statement	703 15 6
Add.—Nominal labour supplied for making Factory articles for other Jails and the School...	523 12 3
Total Profits	1,227 11 9
Profit per boy	37 3 3

	Rs. a. p.
† Value of vegetables supplied to the Reformatory	99 10 7
Do. of Karbi in Store	90 0 0
Do. of Jawari Seeds in Store...	20 0 0
Cash Paid into Treasury	59 9 6
Total... ...	269 4 1

G.

Statement showing the weight, &c., of the Boys confined in the Reformatory School on 31st December 1891.

No.	Names of Boys.	Age.	Health on Admission.	Date of arrival.	Confinement undergone.			Work on which Employed.	Weight on Admission.	Weight on 31st December 1891.	Gained.	Stationary.	Lost.	Remarks.
					Years.	Months.	Days.							
				1889.										
1	Daji Gopal	14	Good ...	20th June ...	2	6	12	Monitor ...	74	97	23	...	...	
2	Pandu Malu	13	,, ...	3rd August ...	2	4	29	Carpenter ...	61	90	29	...	...	
3	Luxaman Narayen ...	15	,, ...	21st ,, ...	2	4	11	Blacksmith ...	73	76	3	...	...	
4	Vithu valad Bapu ...	10	,, ...	18th September	2	3	14	Painter ...	51	58	7	...	...	
5	Jayaram Pandu	14	,, ...	19th ,, ...	2	3	13	Bookbinder ...	51	79	28	...	...	
6	Nagu Sayanna	14	,, ...	8th November	2	1	24	Garden ...	56	68	12	...	...	
7	Sampat Jogia	10	,, ...	11th ,, ...	2	1	21	Blacksmith ...	52	61	9	...	...	
8	Punuswami Armogham ...	11	,, ...	24th ,, ...	2	1	8	Garden ...	58½	68	9½	...	...	
9	Shaik Easuff valad Hussein ...	9	,, ...	3rd December.	2	...	29	Carpenter ...	45	56	11	...	...	
10	Bahadurkhan valad Budankhan.	9	,, ...	3rd ,, ...	2	...	29	,, ...	46	53	7	...	...	
11	Papaya Venkappa... ...	12	,, ...	5th ,, ...	2	...	27	Garden ..	58½	81	22½	...	...	
				1890.										
12	Raiji Natha	12 or 13	,, ...	17th January. .	1	11	15	Blacksmith ...	85½	87	1½	...	...	
13	Ranchore Dhana	12	,, ...	17th ,, ...	1	11	15	,, ...	85	96	11	...	...	
14	Daya Lahi	14	,, ...	2nd February. .	1	10	30	Garden ...	89	96	7	...	...	
15	Khema Chagan	15	,, ...	7th ,, ...	1	10	25	Monitor ...	91	101	10	...	...	
16	Dhula Baji	15	,, ...	7th ,, ...	1	10	25	,, ...	103	96	...	...	7	The present weight of this boy is 102 lbs. on 22-1-92.
17	Tukaram Mukta	15	,, ...	26th ,, ...	1	10	6	Garden ...	79	95	16	...	...	
18	Balia Nana	14	,, ...	6th March ...	1	9	26	,, ...	76	91	15	...	...	
19	Bachu Shahadad	15	,, ...	9th ,, ...	1	9	23	Carpenter ...	75	98	23	...	...	
20	Shalu Dashambhu ...	11	,, ...	9th ,, ...	1	9	23	,, ...	67	91	24	...	...	
21	Fakira Kania	15	,, ...	27th ,, ...	1	9	5	Garden ...	86	89	3	...	...	
22	Magan Kalidas	15	,, ...	12th April ...	1	8	20	Carpenter ...	78	90	12	...	...	
23	Dadu Raja	13	,, ...	23rd ,, ...	1	8	9	Garden ...	63	76	13	...	...	
24	Dod Bala bin Parapa ...	14	,, ...	6th May ...	1	7	26	,, ...	85½	106	20½	...	...	
25	San Rala bin Yellapa ...	12	,, ...	6th ,, ...	1	7	26	,, ...	74	89	15	...	...	

No.	Names of Boys.	Age.	Health on Admission.	Date of arrival.	Confinement undergone.			Work on which Employed.	Weight on Admission.	Weight on 31st December 1891.	Gained.	Stationary.	Lost.	Remarks.
					Years.	Months.	Days.							
				1890.										
26	Eugene Raphael	15	Good ...	11th May ...	1	7	21	Monitor ...	83	94	11	...	...	
27	Bhagia Kania.	14	,, ...	31st ,, ...	1	7	1	Garden ...	67	84	17	...	...	
28	Gangia Kusha	14	,, ...	31st ,, ...	1	7	1	Painter ...	74	98	24	...	...	
29	Bhica Bala	11	,, ...	1st June ...	1	7	...	Garden ...	55	62	7	...	...	
30	Kalia Nathia	14	,, ...	1st ,, ...	1	7	...	Carpenter ...	76	100	24	...	...	
31	Nurbhai Budrudin ...	15	,, ...	19th ,, ...	1	6	13	Bookbinder and Painter.	73	90	17	...	...	
32	Amirkhan Nainkhan ...	13	,, ...	22nd ,, ...	1	6	10	Garden ...	70	89	19	...	...	
33	Sidu Gulab	14	,, ...	26th ,, ...	1	6	6	Painter and Garden.	58	74	16	...	...	
34	Abu Jayashing	13	,, ...	1st July ...	1	6	...	,, ...	70	79	9	...	...	
35	Santosha Gulabsing ...	14	,, ...	14th ,, ...	1	5	18	Carpenter ...	80	91	11	...	...	
36	Vithal Sakharam ...	14	,, ...	17th August ...	1	4	15	Painter ...	98	113	15	...	...	
37	Ananta Babaji	11	,, ...	20th ,, ...	1	4	12	Bookbinder ...	46	52	6	...	...	
38	Punja bin Dhondi ...	14	,, ...	24th ,, ...	1	4	8	Garden ...	85	87	2	...	...	
39	Sidling Chanbasapa ...	13	,, ...	8th September	1	3	24	Carpenter ...	76	88	12	...	...	
40	Gondia Chang Mehtra ...	15	,, ...	10th ,, ...	1	3	22	,, ..	70	73	3	...	...	
41	Mangba Arjun	15	,, ...	11th ,, ...	1	3	21	Garden ...	80	85	5	...	...	
42	Shaik Lal Shaik Baban ...	15	Fair opium eater.	22nd ,, ...	1	3	10	Tailor ...	63	92	29	...	...	Was an opium eater outside.
43	Dama Jeba	15	Good ...	10th October...	1	2	22	Cook ...	77½	92	14½	...	...	
44	Dilmurad Gulmahmed ...	14	,, ...	18th ,, ...	1	2	14	Tailor ...	70	93	23	...	...	
45	Lalia Moti	16	,, ...	29th December.	1	...	3	Painter ...	86	115	29	...	...	
				1891.										
46	Lalsing Kornia	10	,, ...	17th January...	....	11	15	Carpenter ...	75½	89	13½	...	...	
47	Murar valad Mowji ...	15	,, ...	31st ,, ...	...	11	1	Blacksmith ...	95	103	8	...	...	
48	Kasim Sha Hyder Sha ...	15	,, ...	23rd February..	...	10	9	Carpenter ...	92½	98	5½	...	...	
49	Ismail Isa	12	,, ...	5th April ...	...	8	27	,, ...	81½	91	9½	...	...	
50	Jugria valad Mukia ...	13	,, ...	21st ,, ...	...	8	11	Garden ...	72	79	7	...	...	
51	Nanji Karsan	13	,, ...	23rd ,, ...	...	8	9	Carpenter ...	58	66	8	...	...	
52	Himat Haribhai	13	,, ...	24th ,, ...	...	8	8	Garden ...	71½	80	8½	...	...	
53	Kalia Itcha	14	,, ...	16th May ...	...	7	16	Painter ...	84	93	9	...	...	

54	Sankla Bhagu	13	,, ...	17th ,, ...	...	7	15	Cook ...	9	88	9	...	...
55	Raja Ramamia	15	,, ...	18th ,, ...	...	7	14	Blacksmith ...	87	101	14	...	...
56	Mominkhan Moslekhan ...	13	,, ...	2nd June ...	...	6	30	Carpenter ...	65	71	6	...	...
57	Bagia *alias* Krishnaji Balvant .	13	,, ...	9th ,, ...	...	6	23	Cook ...	56	59	3	...	...
58	Shankar Shabdu	12	,, ...	27th ,, ...	...	6	5	Painter ...	69	72	3	...	...
59	Shamya Ramji	10	,, ...	27th ,, ...	...	6	5	Carpenter ...	45	46	1	...	...
60	Vishnu Chintaman ...	15	,, ...	2nd July ...	...	5	30	Cook ...	90	96	6	...	...
61	Khushal Dosharath ...	13	,, ...	13th ,, ...	...	5	19	Garden ...	85	93	8	...	...
62	Ismail Lalbhai	13	,, ...	15th ,, ...	...	5	17	Blacksmith ...	60	64	4	...	...
63	Barkia Govinda	12	,, ...	23rd ,, ...	...	5	9	Garden ...	58	64	6	...	...
64	Raghu Pitum	13	,, ...	23rd ,, ...	...	5	9	Grinding ...	75	80	5	...	...
65	Jiwa Hira	15	,, ...	19th August ...	...	4	13	Garden ...	82	87	5	...	...
66	Bhaiji Dalu	14	,, ...	21st ,, ...	...	4	11	Grinding ...	77	81	4	...	...
67	Eknath Maruti	14	,, ...	3rd September.	...	3	29	Carpenter ...	69	79	10	...	...
68	Kalu Buti	15	,, ...	13th ,, ...	...	3	19	Grinding ...	69	77	8	...	...
69	Hemed Jafar	14	,, ...	30th ,, ...	...	3	2	,, ..	80	85	5	...	...
70	Devarao Bapu	15	,, ...	6th October ...	...	2	26	Blacksmith ...	76¼	83	6¾	...	...
71	Pema Megha	14	,, ...	10th ,, ...	...	2	22	Grinding ...	68	72	4	...	...
72	Daya Magan	14	,, ...	30th ,, ...	...	2	2	Cook ...	61	69	8	...	...
73	Kanura Parashram ...	14	,, ..	11th November.	...	1	21	,, ...	88	87	...	...	1
74	Gopal Savan Das... ...	12	,, ...	11th ,, ...	...	1	21	Carpenter ...	61	61	..	1	...
75	Lilo Son of Dhano ...	15	,, ...	11th ,, ...	...	1	21	Grinding ..	72	73	1	...	...
76	Loto Belo	15	,, ...	11th ,, ...	...	1	21	,, ...	92	93	1	...	...
77	Abdulla Shabaldin ...	13	,, ...	11th ,, ...	...	1	21	Carpenter ...	72	71	...	...	1
78	Abu valad Gulab	11	,, ...	11th ,, ...	...	1	21	,, ...	60	62	2	...	...
79	Ranchore Natha	15	,, ...	26th ,, ...	...	1	6	Grinding ...	68	70	2	...	...
80	Chandria Bapu	15	,, ...	27th ,, ...	...	1	5	,, ...	82	85	3	...	...

H.

Statement showing the cost Maintenance incurred under the following heads during the year 1891.

Items.	Amount
	Rs. a. p.
Fixed Establishment	5,467 6 7
Rations exclusive of Hospital rations	2,307 15 8
Hospital charges, including Hospital diet	287 3 7
Clothing and bedding	210 1 7
Contingencies	879 2 6
Allowance to Hospital Assistant	65 0 0
Total ..	9,216 13 11

FRAMJEE COWASJEE B,
Superintendent, Reformatory School.

Reformatory School, Yerrowda,
25th January 1892.

No. 2 of 1891-92.

Report on the Government Reformatory School at Yerrowda (Population 74) Táluka Haveli, District Poona, inspected by the Second Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, Poona, S. D., on the 25th of August 1891.

Date of the foundation of the school 3rd September 1870.—Date of last Inspection and whom inspected—14th August 1890 2nd Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, Poona.

GENERAL REPORT.

Accommodation and present state of Building. Repairs how carried out.	A shed (562 S. ft.) latticed on all sides, airy, fairly lighted and clean, but insufficient for the present number.
Condition of Furniture and apparatus. Articles still required. Unserviceable dead-stock.	Sufficient (18 articles).
No. of books (including Class-books) in Library. Class-books required. No. of books unserviceable.	Consists of class-books and maps, the latter not being utilized.
School Registers and Records, how kept.	Attendance rolls well kept and timely filled in.
Pupils, their manners and discipline; classification by caste of Total number on register.	Manners—fair. Discipline—fair.

Hindus.				Mahomedens.	Others.	Total No. of pupils.
Brahmans.	Hindus.	Low castes.	Aboriginal and hill tribes.			
2	37	3	13	14	5	74

Name of each Teacher.	Training and other qualifications.	Completed service in				Salary, including Allowances.	Standard taught.	Remarks regarding each teacher.
		The Department.		This School.				
		Years.	Mths.	Years.	Mths.			
Vishnu Janardhan Gore	P. S. C. St. V. ...	6	...	6	...	Rs. 25	The whole school with the assistance of three monitors.	Seems to be clever and pretty hard working.

General Remarks and recommendations by the Inspecting Officer.	A fair school. The school seems to have improved a little this year in point of efficiency, still there is much that can be done to increase its efficiency. Many of the students, especially those who figure in the upper standards, have already learned up to the standards they are studying respectively at present, either in Government schools or private.

Number of boys on the register.	Average attendance during the preceding twelve months.	Number of boys present at the examination.	Standard under which examined.	Number of boys examined under each standard.	Result of the Examination. Number passed in. 1st Head.	2nd Head.	3rd Head.	4th Head.	Needle-work.	All Heads.	Length of time the pupils have been in their present class. Passed pupils. 1 year and under.	Between 1 and 2 years.	2 years and over.	Pupils not passed or not presented. 1 year and under.	Between 1 and 2 years.	2 years and over.	Race or Creed of Passed Scholars. Europeans and Eurasians.	Portuguese and Native Christians.	Jews.	Parsis.	Mahomedans.	Hindus.	Others.	Distribution of Free Studentships by Standards and by Caste or Race. Brahmans.	Other Hindus.	Low Castes.	Aboriginal and Hill tribes.	Mahomedans.	Others.	Amount of Proficiency allowance earned by the Master.			Amount of Capitation allowance earned by the Master.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31			32		
																														Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
			Vernacular Standard.																																
74	65	70	VI																																
			V																																
66			IV																																
			III	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..											
			II	9	*9	7	9	..	..	7	7	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	5	..	..											
			I	10	10	10	10	..	..	10	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	8	..	..											
			Infant Class	50	of these 20 are fairly advanced						20	..	..	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	15	..	..											
			Total																																

General Remarks continued.

			Anglo-Vernacular Standard.																																
			V																																
			IV																																
			III																																
			II																																
			I																																
			Total																																

Private institutions and consequently the number of *bond fide* students of the school is comparatively small. The number in the school is too large for one hand to teach. The tuition is still not strictly according to any definite standard, and unless it is done so, no good result can be expected.

Percentage to population.

No. 561 of 1891-92.
Forwarded,
16th September 1891.

K. N. SANE,
Deputy Educational Inspector, Poona.

* This result is not to be taken as strictly according to any of the Departmental prescribed standards.

Despatched to the Educational Inspector, C. D., on the 8th September 1891.

NOTE—I. Out of the number given in col: 1 the number of Kunbis who are actually cultivators of the soil should be given in the Column of General Remarks on the other side.
II. The number of girls, if any, in boys' schools should be stated Column of General Remarks on other side.
III. In the Column "training and other qualifications" the usual contractions "Poona Cert. R. 12" "P. S. C." "St. VI." should be used.

Through the Deputy Educational Inspector, Poona, S.D.

SHAIK JAFFER MAHOMED,
2nd Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, Poona Sub-Division.

Below No. 41 dated 26th January 1892 from the Superintendent, Reformatory School, Yerrowda.

No. 1950 of 1892.

Supa, 9th March 1892.

Returned with Compliments.

The report in the opinion of the undersigned shows that the Reformatory is under careful and efficient management. None of the Visitors have passed any remarks on it.

ALFRED KEYSER,

Collector of Poona.

The chief point that strikes me in reading the report of the Reformatory is the almost total absence of assistance given by any Government Department. This should not be. In Bengal work is constantly received from Government Departments. No explanation is given in the report of the circumstance that a boy was sentenced under Section 224 Indian Penal Code and for no other offences. Another omission is the time spent in the Reformatory by the boys who were below standard at the time of the examination. I have elsewhere expressed my opinion that the school has now grown too large for one man to manage. This probably is the reason why the maps are not used, as was formerly the case.

The out-turn of the factory seems fairly satisfactory when we take into consideration the short time the elder boys have been under instruction.

It has not been mentioned in the report that the boys are allowed to go for walks twice a week for an hour at a time.

The report was sent to me by the Superintendent of the Reformatory and not in regular course by the District Magistrate.

S. M. SALAMAN,

Superintendent, Central Jail.

No. 138 of 1892.

Reformatory School, Yerrowda, 12th March 1892.

Forwarded to the Inspector-General of Prisons, Bombay Presidency.

There does not appear to be any illegality in the sentence, under Section 224 Indian Penal Code to three years confinement, by the First Class Magistrate, Kárwár, of the boy referred to by Surgeon Lieut.-Colonel Salaman.

The time spent in the Reformatory by the boys who were below standard (or Infant class) is shown in the report by the 2nd Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, Poona Sub-division, *vide* columns 12 and 15 of his report herewith enclosed.

FRAMJEE COWASJEE B.,

Superintendent, Reformatory School.

Annual and Periodical Reports.
Yeraoda Juvenile Reformatory School.
Report on the — for the year 1891.

No. 3274.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 20th June, 1892.

Letter from the Inspector-General of Prisons, No. 1910, dated the 7th May, 1892—Submits, with reference to Government Resolution No. 2102, dated the 19th April, 1890, the Administration Report of the Yeraoda Juvenile Reformatory School for the year ending 31st December, 1891, together with his own remarks thereon (in letter No. 1495, dated the 7th April, 1892), and those of the District Magistrate, Poona, and the Superintendent of the Yeraoda Central Jail.

RESOLUTION.—During the year under review the number of boys admitted into the Reformatory was the same as that in the preceding year, *viz.* 41, which added to the number on the rolls at the close of the year 1890, made a total of 105. Of this number, 14 were released, 2 were transferred to Jails to serve out their sentence and 3 died, leaving 80 juveniles in the Institution at the end of the year, against 64 at the end of 1890. Of the fresh admissions, 33 boys were illiterate and 5 had previous convictions recorded against them.

2. The health of the boys was not as good as in the previous year. Of the 70 admissions into Hospital, two boys died of cholera, but owing to the prompt measures taken to segregate those attacked the spread of the disease was checked. One boy died from scrofula. As many as 37 boys, as also the Superintendent and Staff, suffered from influenza during the year.

3. Discipline improved greatly during the year under review, and that the boys appear now to understand the rules of the Institution is shown by the decrease from 55 to 32 in the number of punishments inflicted. The mark system should work well, but the explanation of the decrease in the number of boys earning marks at the close of the year, as compared with the previous year, does not seem quite clear. It would seem, however, to be due to the same cause as the decline in the profit per boy earned in the various branches of industry taught, namely to the release of a large number of the older and more experienced boys.

4. A marked indication of the salutary influence of the training received in the Reformatory is that, out of the 45 juveniles whose avocations after discharge have been reported on, 13 are shown as following the trades taught in the school, 18 are otherwise employed and two are attending school. Two are returned as doubtful, one as out of employ, while two relapsed into crime and were sent to Jail. The Governor in Council cannot concur altogether in the remarks of the Inspector-General of Prisons contained in paragraph 5 of his letter No. 1495, dated the 7th April, 1892. The public, as employers of labour, have a perfect right to decline to employ persons who have been convicted, and if they make enquiries of the Police, the latter ought to state the facts As, however, it is desirable to render the Superintendent of the Reformatory every assistance in finding employment for discharged boys, the Inspector-General of Prisons should be asked to report whether, in his opinion, that object would be aided by a small annual expenditure on advertisements.

5. The suggestion in paragraph 7 of the Inspector-General's report that the boys be weighed every alternate month is approved. The weight test

shows no remarkable improvement, when it is borne in mind that these are all growing lads, and that the normal increase due to that cause has to be deducted before any credit can be given to better feeding. The Medical Officer in charge should be asked if he is satisfied that the increases are satisfactory, having regard to the above considerations.

6. As regards the financial results of the Institution, the fall in the profits of the Factory from Rs. 818 in 1890 to Rs. 704 in the year under report is ascribed to the operations having been seriously hampered by sickness and by the release of many of the older and more experienced boys. On the other hand the profits accruing from the garden rose to Rs. 187 from Rs. 152 in 1890, and there was a decrease from Rs. 142 to Rs. 131 in the total cost of maintenance per head. The Inspector-General should report whether every boy in the school has his turn at gardening work. For facility of comparison the tabular statements appended to the reports should in future show in parallel columns the figures for the year under report as well as those for the preceding year. The suggestion contained in the the concluding sentence of paragraph 9 of the letter from the Inspector-General of Prisons, No. 1495, dated the 7th April, 1892, should be acted on in future. The Statement B attached to the report leaves room for improvement. It should give the school number of each boy, the charge on which he was convicted (including the value of the property stolen in cases of theft) and the sentence of the convicting Court.

7. Before passing any orders on the suggestion that the book-binding industry should receive departmental patronage, the Governor in Council would be glad to be informed what steps have been taken to bring to the notice of the heads of local offices the ability of the Reformatory to undertake such work, and if it can be executed as satisfactorily and cheaply as elsewhere. The Inspector-General of Prisons should report whether the gymnasium has been established and whether care is taken that all boys have exercise in it, and also whether, in accordance with paragraph 1 of Government Resolution No. 1976, dated the 6th April, 1891, an Instructor has been procured.

8. Copies of the report and of this Resolution should be distributed as usual.

(Signed) C. H. A. HILL,
Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Registrar of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature, Appellate Side,
The Prothonotary and Registrar of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature, Original Side. } By letter.
The Commissioner in Sind,
The Commissioners, N. D., C. D., and S. D.,
The Judicial Commissioner in Sind,
The Political Resident, Aden,
The Inspector-General of Prisons,
The District Judges,
The District Magistrates. } Including Sind.
The Chief Presidency Magistrate,
The Inspector-General of Police,

The Commissioner of Police, Bombay,
The Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay,
The Sanitary Commissioner for the Government of Bombay,
The Superintendent of the Yeraoda Central Jail,
The Superintendent of the Yeraoda Reformatory School,
The Superintendent of Her Majesty's Common Jail, Bombay (Criminal Side),
The Superintendent of the House of Correction, Bombay,
The Compiler of the Administration Report,
The Educational Department,
The Secretary to the Government of India (by letter),
The Secretary of State for India (by Despatch),
The Editors' Table,
The Branch Editors' Table,
The Editor of the *Dhárwár Vrit*t,
The General Department.

No. of 1892.

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